

Batteries: Tips for Safe Charging

Before you Plug it in

Inspect batteries for damage or defects.

Batteries should be shipped in protective packaging to reduce the risk of physical damage.

Look for certification marks as confirmation that safety testing has been performed.

Beware of cheap or counterfeit batteries which may not undergo the same quality control processes and have a higher likelihood of failing.

Risks

Button or Coin batteries, when ingested, can cause serious burns to tissue.

Damage, electrical abuse, exposure to freezing or elevated temperatures and exposure to conductive surfaces can cause batteries to short circuit, overheat, smoke, expand (causing damage to the battery and associated product), burn, and explode.

Thermal runaway can result in smoke, a steady burn, a fireball, or ultimately an explosion.

Battery Charging Tips

1. Never parallel charge batteries since chargers cannot monitor the current of individual cells.
2. Charge batteries using the charging cord that came with the device or charging station approved for use with your batteries.
3. Plug directly into a wall electrical outlet for charging.
4. If batteries are warm from use, allow them to cool before charging.
5. Keep batteries from being covered or compressed while charging.
6. Do not leave batteries connected to chargers after charging is complete; remove the battery from the charger or unplug the product after charging.